

### Assessment of existing instruments and testing of new approaches.

- the ongoing test of the Pro-Oceanus pCO2w and Sea-Bird SeapHOx pH test articles on the Endurance Oregon shelf mooring
- secondary anemometer tests on Pioneer and Endurance
- EK-80 and RCA specific instrument upgrades covered in RCA presentation
- New Pioneer MAB instruments covered in Pioneer presentation



# Alternate pH and pCO2 sensor testing – Spring 2024 Oregon Shelf Mooring

#### **Instrument Testing**

- Approved PHSEN replacement on Oregon Shelf 7 m frame (SeaBird SeapHOx)
- Candidate PCO2W replacement on Oregon Shelf 7 m frame (Pro-Oceanus CO2-Pro CV)
- Recovered candidate PHSEN (ANB)
- Previously tested Idronaut and the previous generation SeapHOx



SeapHOx
CO2-Pro



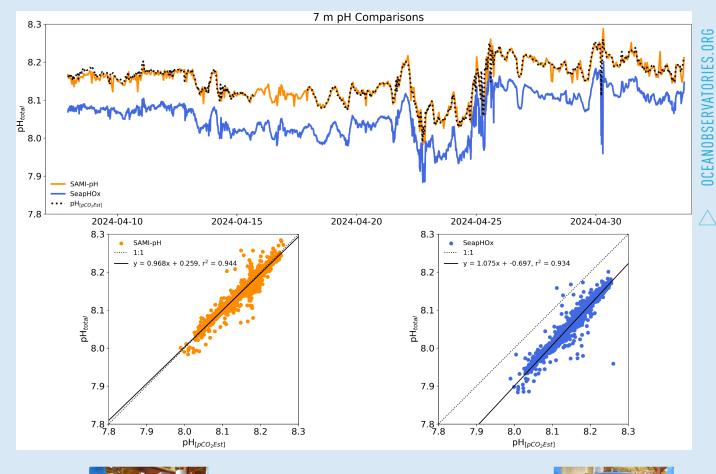


### pH Sensor Tech Refresh (Spring 2024)

- Sea-Bird Electronics Deep SeapHOx V2 deployed at 7 m alongside a Sunburst Sensors SAMI-pH sensor
- Estimated pH calculated using PyCO2SYS with total alkalinity derived from the SeapHOx T/S measurements (Lee et al. 2006\*, Zone 4) and the CO<sub>2</sub>-Pro CV pCO<sub>2</sub>
- Estimated pH and SAMI-pH agree quite well, while the SeapHOx pH shows a consistent negative offset of 0.088

\*https://doi.org/10.1029/2006GL027207





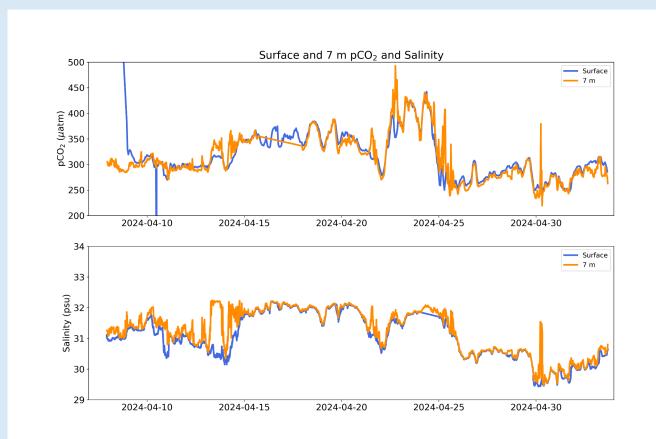


Deep SeapHOx installed in the 7 m instrument frame (NSIF)

SAMI-pH sensor installed in the 7 m instrument frame (NSIF)

### pCO<sub>2</sub> Sensor Tech Refresh (Spring 2024)

- Instruments
  - Surface: Pro-Oceanus CO<sub>2</sub>Pro ATM (measures both air
    and surface water pCO<sub>2</sub>).
     Surface intake 1 m depth,
    sampled hourly
  - 7 m: Pro-Oceanus CO<sub>2</sub>-Pro
     CV, sampled every 30
     minutes
- Salinity data from co-located CTD sensors (surface: sampled every minute, 7 m: sampled every 15 minutes)
- Good qualitative agreement, with some water mass related differences





CO2-Pro CV mounted on the 7 m platform (Near-Surface Instrument Frame, NSIF) showing intake plumbing and exhaust.

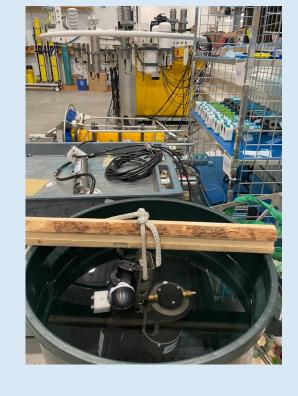


CO2-Pro ATM on the subsurface instrument plate just above the SBE 37 CT sensor. Water intake is at 1 m nominal depth.



### **CGSN Irminger Sea SeapHOx test deployment**

- The surface mooring (GI01SUMO) will be deployed in June 2024
- The SeapHOx will be deployed in-line on the mooring wire at 20 m
- Inductive communications are planned; internal recording as backup
- There will be a CTDMO above, and a PHSEN below, the SeapHOx
- The SeapHOx sampling rate will meet CTD and PHSEN baselines
- Faster sampling, to also meet CTD as-deployed sampling, will be considered

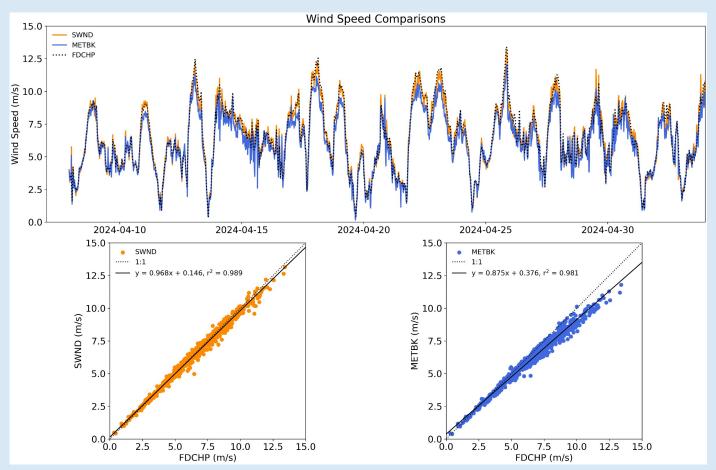




#### METBK Sonic vs Stand-Alone Sonic and FDCHP

#### Sensors:

- Stand-alone ASIMET Sonic Wind Module (SWND) polled every 5 seconds for the raw measurements
- ASIMET System (aka METBK) data, reporting processed eastward and northward wind velocities every minute
- Flux Direct Covariance High Power (FDCHP) system reporting 20-minute averaged, motion corrected wind speed data every hour
- Preliminary results: Endurance 20
  - 26+ days of telemetered data comparing 20-minute averages of SWND and METBK to the 1/hour, 20-minute averaged FDCHP
  - Continue to observe reduced wind speed values from the METBK compared to the FDCHP at higher wind speeds
  - Stand-alone SWND module data agrees with the FDCHP. Further analysis required

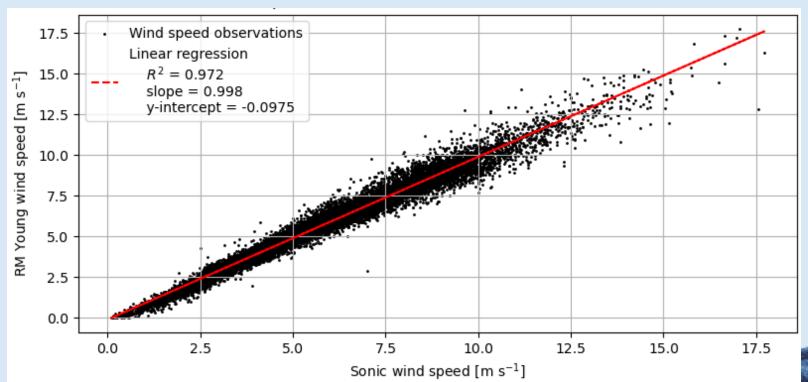






### METBK Sonic vs RM Young Wind

- Preliminary results: Pioneer MAB
  - 27 days of telemetered data; compare 1 min speeds after QC check
- Inconclusive so far, need more data > 10 m/s











## Questions?

